Farm Forestry: An important ally in the quest for agricultural sustainability

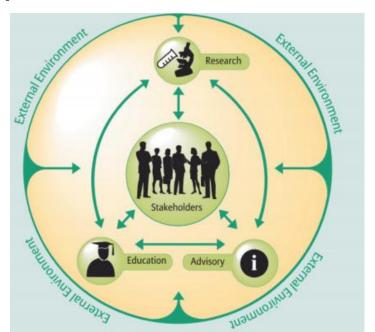
Tom Houlihan
Teagasc Forestry Specialist
April 9, 2019



Teagasc Mission

 Support science based innovation in the agri-food sector and wider bioeconomy so as to underpin profitability, competitiveness and sustainability.

> Agri-food Knowledge Innovation System

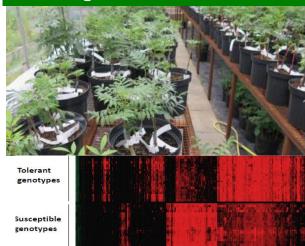




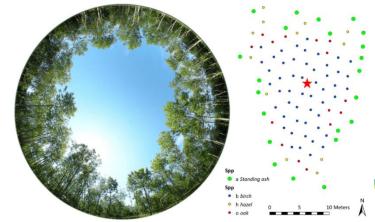
Teagasc Forestry Research













Teagasc Forestry Research

Forest thinning /potential of other species











PW-IPM: Towards Integrated Pest Management for Pine Weevil in Ireland FOROWN Project



Teagasc Forestry Advisory













Teagasc Forestry Training













Over 21,000 private owners 83% farmers 378,623 ha (49.2% of forest area)



12,000 jobs (mainly rural)



Ireland's woodlands & forests and Forestry Programme supporting...



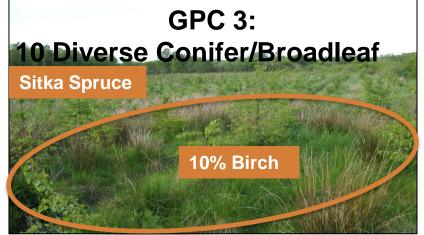
770,020 ha 11% of land area



Ecosystem services delivery



Grant and Premium Categories (GPCs)









Native Woodland (GPC 9/10)

- Integral to Irelands natural heritage, history and culture
- Unique in terms of biodiversity
- Numerous ecosystem services
- Native Woodland Establishment
 - Grant Aid €5,880 €6,220/ha
 - Annual premium €665 680/ha (15 years)
- Native Woodland Conservation Scheme
 - Grant aid: €2,500(emergent), €5,000/ha high forest
 - Annual premium €350/ha (7 years)







Agro-Forestry (GPC 11)

- Silvo-pastoral: combining forestry and pasture
- Oak, sycamore, cherry
 - Continued access to land
 - Reduced fertiliser/chemical inputs
 - Animal welfare
 - High quality timber
 - Biodiversity
 - Water quality
 - Landscape quality
 - Improved drainage/shelter
 - Carbon sequestration
- 5 year premium €645 €660/ha

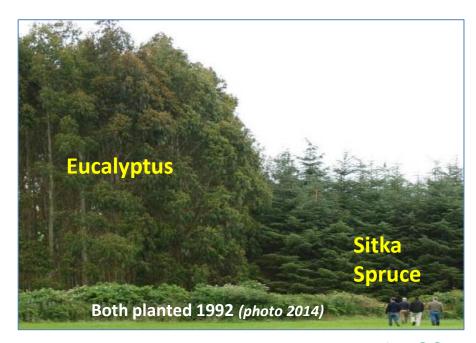






Forestry for Fibre (GPC 12)

- Growing productive trees to produce biomass in 10-15 years
- Eligible species
 - Italian Alder, hybrid aspen
 - Eucalyptus, popular
- Grant €3,815 /ha
- 15 year premium: €510 €520 /ha





Sustainability

Intersection of:

1. Environmental

- Climate change mitigation
- Water quality
- Biodiversity

2. Economic

3. Social

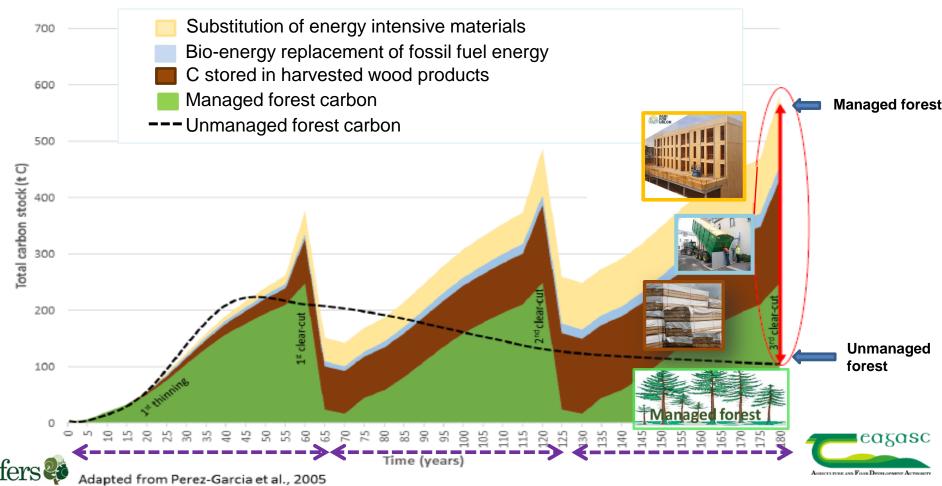








Stand Level Processes



Indicative Sequestration Rates

Forest Type (including 15% Area for Biodiversity Enhancement)	Indicative Mean Sequestration * (tCO ₂ equivalent/ha/yr)	
	Less productive site	More productive site
Mainly conifer (10% diverse spruce/broadleaf)	4.5	10.0 +
Fast grow broadleaves (birch, alder, sycamore)	3.5	6.0+
Slow growing broadleaves (oak, beech)	2.5	3.0

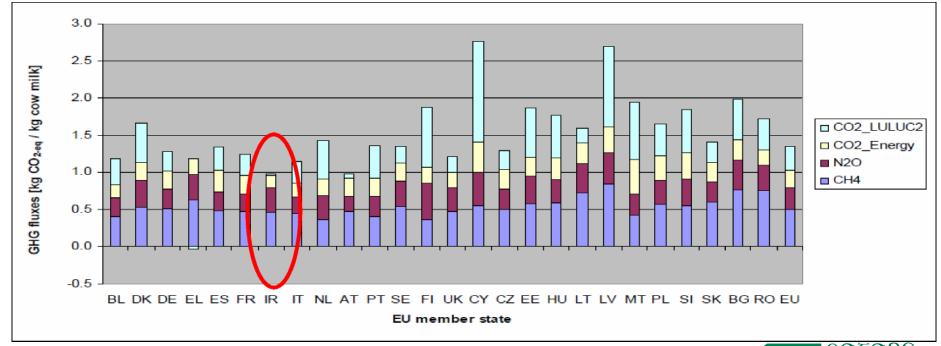
^{*}Potential sequestration rates normalised over 2 rotations





Irish milk has a very low carbon footprint

Our grass-based systems are very efficient in terms of greenhouse gases per kg of milk or meat





Climate Challenge

- Mitigating of Agricultural Greenhouse Gases (GHGs) -target
- 30% reduction relative to 2005 levels
 - 2005 level: 18.70 Mt CO₂e

- 2016 level: 19.24 Mt CO2e
- Higher animal numbers, increasing trend



Climate targets extremely challenging

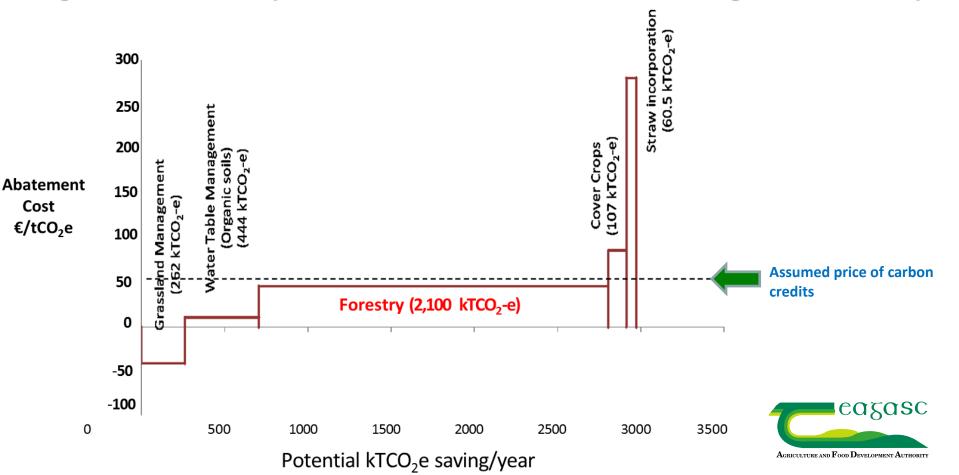


Marginal Abatement Cost Curve (MACC)

Way of assessing mitigation options: for their efficacy and costs
Teagasc produced an updated MACC for greenhouse gases in 2018

Gary J. Lanigan & Trevor Donnellan (eds.) *An Analysis of Abatement Potential of Greenhouse Gas Emissions in Irish Agriculture 2021-2030.* Teagasc, Oak Park, Carlow. June 2018

Mitigation Pathway 2: Land use, Land use change & Forestry



Forestry measured using a 20 year window

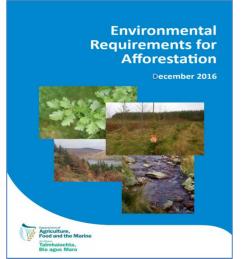
- Current levels of planting will have significant impact in the post 2030 commitment period
- Significant increase in planting rates are essential in order to maintain mitigation capacity

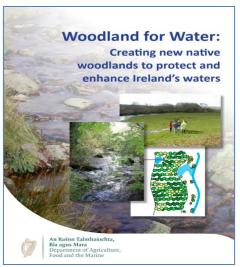


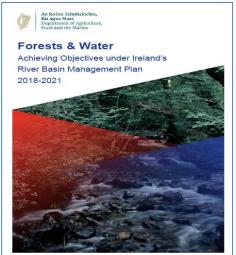
Water Quality

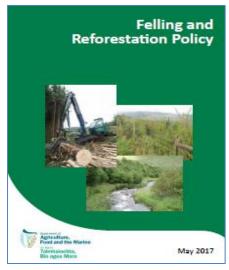
Protection of water:

- Key component of DAFM assessment for licencing of forest operations
- Strongly features in Sustainable Forest Management









Woodland for Water

Combining undisturbed water setbacks and new native woodland

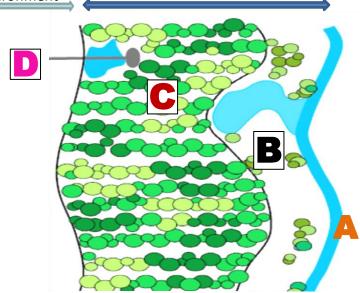
Adjoining land use:

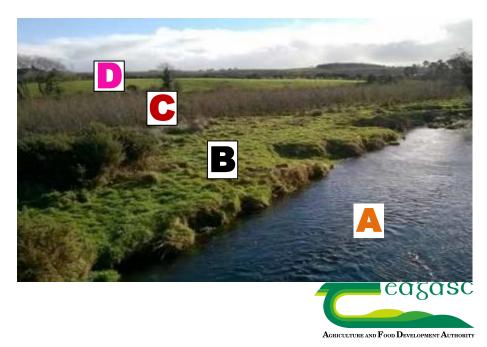
agriculture

forestry

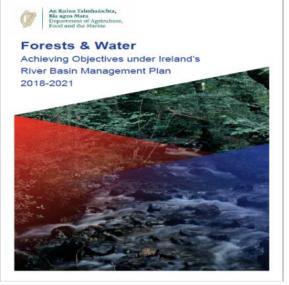
built environment

Woodland for water measure





Environmental Enhancement of Forests









Forest Biodiversity Enhancement

- Well sited, well planned, well maintained designed forests
 - Inclusion of broadleaves (15% mandatory)
 - Inclusion of Areas for Biodiversity Enhancement (ABEs)
 - hedgerows
 - retained habitat
 - setbacks
 - Open areas
- Implement sustainable forest management
 - Forest edge management
 - Create/maintain wildlife corridors
 - Thin for vigour
- Environmental Enhancement of Forests



Financial Sustainability

- Forestry complementary farm crop
- Optimum use of marginal land
- Diversification of enterprises
- BPS eligible
- Tax efficent
- High return on labour
- Capacity to significantly enhance farm viability





Indicative Returns



Productive diverse Sitka spruce forest

- Total area 8 hectares
- 15% diverse, 15% open areas/retained habitat
- Normal thinning
- Rotation 34 years

Net present value/ha: €8,500

Annual equivalent value /ha: €525

Productive fast growing broadleaf species

- Total area 8 hectares
- 15% open area/retained habitat
- Normal thinning
- Rotation 50 years

Net present value/ha: €6,475

Annual equivalent value /ha: €355

Case Study 1









AGRICULTURE AND FOOD DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY

See Micheal tell his story:

https://www.teagasc.ie/crops/forestry/advice/establishment/michael-owens/

Case Study 2



My forest is a growing pension pot, forest premiums enable me to lease in better land for farming "

Andrew O'Carroll RDS Award Winner

Scan the code to watch Andrew's story of how forestry benefits his farm





See Andrew tell his Story:

https://www.teagasc.ie/crops/forestry/news/2018/rds-forestry-awards-launch.php



Woodland Environment Fund

- Access point for businesses to
 - Link in with farmers
 - join in effort to expand Ireland's native woodland resource
 - Provide additional financial incentive to encourage planting of native woodland
- Corporate Social Responsibility Project
- Contributing to delivery of a tangible environmental asset
- Enhances business reputation
- Building social cohesion





Social Sustainability

Our farm forests are a key resource

- 12,000 employed
 - Spread evenly in every region
- Forest output set to double in 10-15 years
 - Expansion largely by private forestry
 - Additional 10,000 jobs
 - Additional €2 billion in economic activity
 (Source: Ibec, 2016)





Development Opportunities











Summary

Farm Forestry is a very significant ally in the quest for agricultural sustainability

 Farm viability, climate mitigation, water quality and biodiversity, local development

Key drivers:

- Whole farm planning
- Well sited and planned farm forests
- Using appropriate species & planting categories to promote sustainable growth
- Ongoing sustainably management of exiting forests
- Opportunities for multiple use and added value



How to keep up to date...

Direct contact

Your local Teagasc forestry advisor

Teagasc Website

www.teagasc.ie/forestry



Teagasc Forestry e-Newsletter







