Innovating for a Changing Regulatory and Consumer Landscape



Food Innovation Gateways – 14 June 2019

Overview

- Food Drink Ireland
- Irish Food and Drink Industry
- Challenges and Solutions
 - Packaging
 - Reformulation
 - Brexit



About Food Drink Ireland

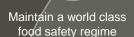
- Main trade association for the food and drink industry in Ireland
- 150 food and drink members –
 manufacturers and suppliers
- Part of Ibec



Competitive, sustainable primary production and manufacturing



Support investment with tax measures and finance





Avoid discriminatory measures on food and drink







Effective implementation of grocery sector legislation



Minimise economic disturbance of Brexit and maintain access to UK market



Investment in international market development

Industry led focus on research, innovation and skills development

About the Irish Food and Drink Industry

250,000 linked jobs €27.5bn turnover Supplies the majority of Ireland's €15bn domestic market €12.1bn exports – UK/37%; EU26/34%; 3rd Countries/29%

Ireland is the largest net exporter of dairy ingredients, beef, lamb and spirits in Europe

Food and drink manufacturing accounts for half the direct expenditure by the entire manufacturing sector in the Irish economy (payroll, Irish materials and Irish services)



Challenges and policy recommendations

Brexit response

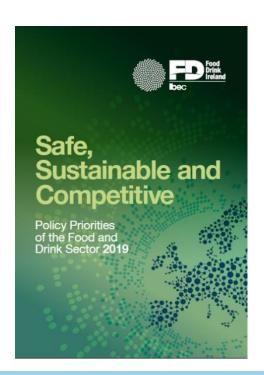
Competitiveness

International market access

EU Single Market

Safety and sustainability

- Sustainable and recyclable packaging
- Safety and quality of packaging
- Reducing food waste
- Nutrition and health initiatives





Packaging Challenges



The Consumer















The Consumer

You worry about the environmental impact of plastic products

You worry about the health impact of plastic products

Industry and retailers need to make an effort to reduce plastic packaging

Products should be designed to facilitate recycling of plastic?

Consumers should pay an extra charge for single use plastic

Yes

Yes

Yes

Yes

Yes

88% IE 87% EU28 81% IE

74% EU28

98% IE

94% EU28

97% IE

94% EU28

72% IE

61% EU28

Source: Eurobarometer _face-to-face interviews October 2017



Single Use Plastic Directive

Agreed March 2019 – final text was published on Wednesday (12 June)





Food Contact Materials

- Since 1976, food contact materials (FCMs) have been subject to legally binding rules at EU level
- FCMs must not
 - Endanger human health
 - Bring about an unacceptable change in the composition of the food
 - Bring about a deterioration in the organoleptic characteristics
- When considering recycled plastics, FCM requirements remain to ensure:
 - Safety of packaged food throughout its shelf life
 - Safety of food served to customers
 - Label information on packaged foods





Date Marking and Waste Prevention

- European Commission study on date marking and waste prevention published February 2018
- Sub-group of the EU Platform on Food Losses and Food Waste set up in April 2018
- Task is to develop guidance on date marking labelling
- The aim is to supporting more consistent date marking practices, ultimately helping to prevent food waste





- Opportunity for industry to innovate to meet growing societal demands
- Challenge to meet the ambitious targets being set by producers/retailers
- More recyclable packaging options for retailers and end customers that ensure:
 - Microbiological safety
 - Extended product shelf life
 - Safe and suitable food contact materials
 - Smarter packaging materials resulting in less food waste



Reformulation



The Consumer

Sugar replaces price as consumers' top food worry



Keeping salt reduction on the agenda: Reduced sodium solutions in high demand for NPD



Balancing Low-Sodium Products and Gourmet Salt Demand

Product developers cleverly balance demand for new products featuring gourmet salts as well as reduced-sodium profiles







CONSUMERS LOOK FOR 'HEALTHIER'
FAST FOOD



Statutory measures

- Sugar tax on sugar sweetened beverages introduced April 2018
 - 30 cent per litre if drinks have over 8g of sugar per 100ml
 - 20 cent per litre for drinks with between 5g and 8g of sugar per 100ml.



Voluntary measures

- Reformulation initiatives, eg salt reduction programme
- Collaborative approach between industry and Food Safety Authority of Ireland
- Programme started in 2003
- Annual monitoring of salt levels across 10 categories of food
- Significant reductions in certain categories has already been proven, while other categories are still making the reductions needed

"To reduce the average population intake of salt from 10 grams (g) a day to 6g a day by 2010 through partnership with the food industry and State bodies charged with communicating the salt and health message to consumers."

FSAI – Long term goal



European Commission

- High level group on nutrition and physical activity
- One of the first areas of action was salt reduction in certain foods
- Common EU framework was developed
- Member states signed up to framework in 2008
- First report published in 2014

Kingdom of Saudi Arabia

- New salt guidelines have been issued by authorities
- The guidelines set salt limits for a number of food products/categories
- Guidelines are still in the consultation phase
- A further update of the draft is expected soon









Capturing **voluntary** reformulation efforts made by Food Drink Ireland companies

The below figures show the percentage reduction in nutrients from 235 products that were on the market in 2005 and remained on the market in 2017.

Energy

1.6%



Total Fat

0.3%



Sodium

28.0%



Saturated Fat

10.1%

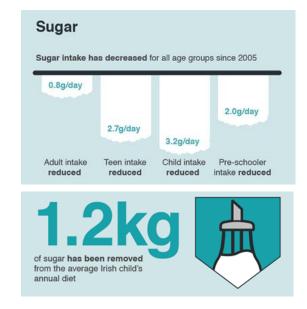


Sugar

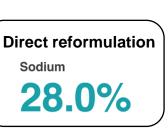
8.0%















- Opportunity for industry to meet the changing societal demands through reformulation
- Challenge to ensure that microbiological safety is maintained and that a reformulated products maintain a suitable shelf life
- The PCF Technology Centre can be a key innovator in delivering solutions for the industry



Brexit



Addressing the Brexit challenge

37% of total exportsbut66% of PCF exports





Ibec survey - the most common elements of contingency plans for food and drink companies (Gateways 2018)

- Focus on new geographical markets outside the UK (50% compared with 32% for all business)
- Diversification of business into new products (33% compared with 25% for all business)
- Alternatives to transit of goods through the UK (28% compared with 25% for all business)
- Sourcing strategies for materials (22% compared with 21% for all business)



Brexit challenges -> innovation drivers (Gateways 2018)

- 15% currency impact on competitiveness
- No deal tariffs and market disturbance
- Customs procedures
- Land-bridge / sea-bridge
- Regulatory divergence
- Contingency #1 new markets
- Contingency #2 new products
- Continency #3 transit alternatives
- Contingency #4 sourcing strategies

- Product innovation to support a focus on new markets, regulatory divergence, longer supply chains, rules of origin constraints
- Process innovation to support cost competitiveness, enabling technologies, state aid rules
- Skills technical functions, innovation management
- Business process innovation
- Supply chain innovation



Thank You

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