

- Lilian O'Sullivan Teagasc Johnstown Castle Researcher
- Julie Larkin RPS (former Teagasc PhD student)
- Shirley Clerkin Heritage Officer Monaghan County Council
- Mark McDowell Hedge Laying Association of Ireland
- Alan Moore Hedgerows Ireland



- Jesmond Harding Butterfly Conservation Ireland
- Ruth Wilson All Ireland Pollinator Plan Farmland Pollinator Officer
- Eanna Ni Lamhna Author, Broadcaster and Journalist



- Tony Mullins Dairy Farmer cutting own hedges, Mitchelstown, Co Cork
- Liam Herlihy Dairy Farmer and Hedge cutting contractor, Bruree, Co Limerick
- Paraic O Brien Hedge cutting contractor, Cahir, Co Tipperary
- Aine O'Connell IFA Dairy Policy Executive
- Denis Drennan ICMSA Dairy farmer, Co Kilkenny
- Susan Callaghan NPWS Divisional Ecologist



- Regina Sexton Food and Culinary Historian, Programme Manager of the Postgraduate Diploma in Irish Food Culture, UCC
- Rosemarie Cusack Cookery Demonstrator
- Mary White Blackstairs Eco Trails

Planting hedges

Signpost Series Webinar Friday 3 December 2022

Catherine Keena Teagasc Countryside Management Specialist

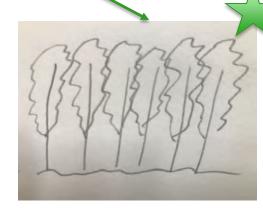


Understanding hedges

Newly planted thorn hedge

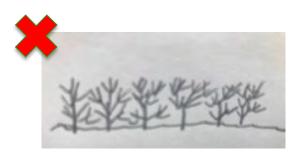
Topped hedge

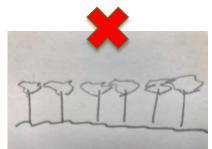
- ✓ At least 1.5m
- ✓ Flowering tree
- ✓ Triangular shape

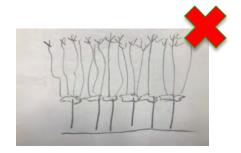


Escaped
Untopped hedge
or Treeline

✓ Flowering canopy







Practice Practice

Topped hedge

- x Under 1.5m
- **x** No flowering thorn tree
- **x** Flat topped

X Upside down toilet brush hedge

X Bad practice to increase height



how trees and shrubs grow

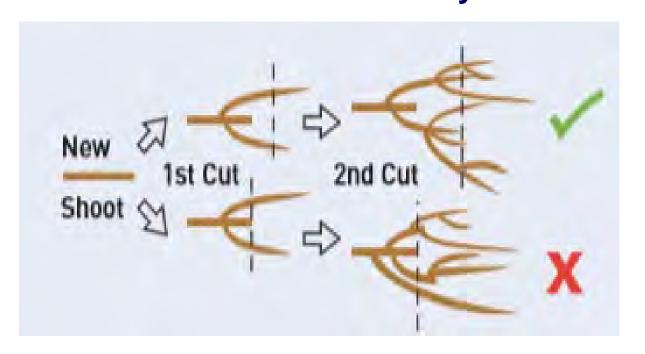
apical dominance





When cut:

new shoots come directly below cut









What type of hedge do you want?



Topped

Dense base

or



Escaped /
Untopped /
Treeline /
Linear woodland

Native trees / shrubs: thrive with cutting OR if left as tree















Buckthorn (6m)



Native climbers



Dog Rose

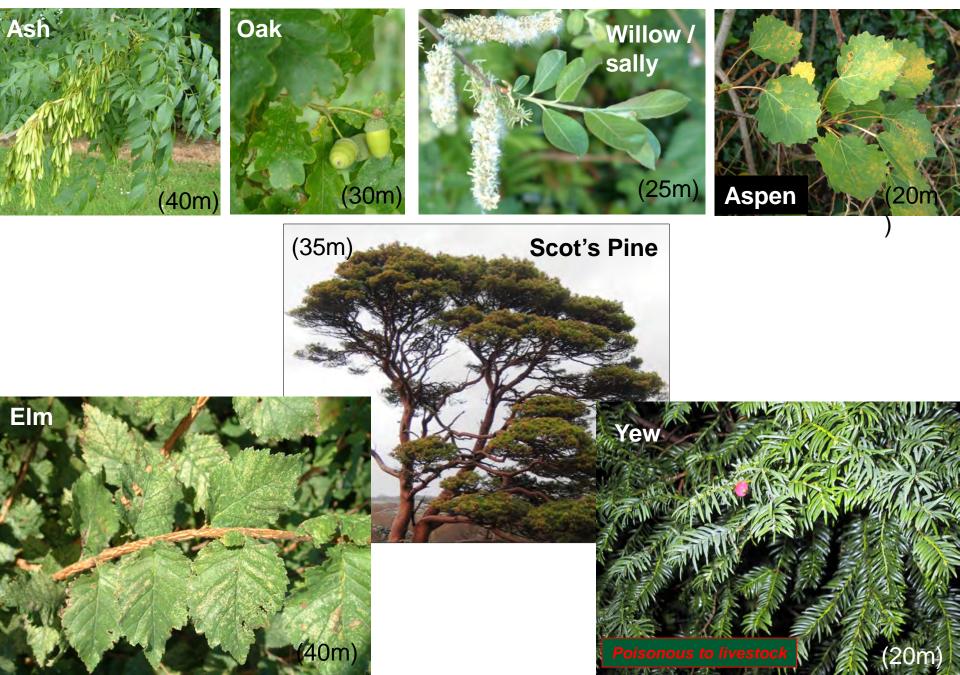








Large Native Trees NOT suited to topping



Mid size Native Trees NOT suited to topping





- ✓ Best for biodiversity
- ✓ Supports rural development

Signpost Webinar: Friday 10 December 2021

The value of native provenance trees and hedging stock and how to reduce health risks to them

- Joe Gowran CEO Woodlands of Ireland
- Maria Cullen Chair of the Society of Irish Plant Pathologists (SIPP).















REAP

(Results Based Agri Environment Pilot)

- ✓ Pilot to prepare farmers, advisors and DAFM for Agri Environment Scheme in new RDP in 2023
- ✓ 2 year duration: 2021 and 2022



€in REAP

- 1. Participation Payment: €1200 per year
- 2. Capital Payment: €1200 in one year only
 - ➤ €9.20 / tree Max 130 trees
 - ➤ €15.80 / m of hedge (incl gapping up) Max 76m.

3. Field Score:

Low Input Grassland (LIG):

- €250 €400 / ha based on score
- Top up of €50/ha for late mown meadows
 - Max €4,500 if 10 ha LIG incl late mown meadow

Multi Species Ley (MSL):

- €125 €275 / ha based on score
 - Max €2750 if 10 ha MSL

MAX for Score 10: €6,900 in one year & €5,700 in other year)

REAP Actions

County	Hedge Gapping	Hedge Planting	Tree Planting
CARLOW	2	9	5
CAVAN	7	40	12
CLARE	4	20	12
CORK	3	44	10
DONEGAL	5	36	2
DUBLIN	0	0	0
GALWAY	5	40	14
KERRY	4	16	15
KILDARE	2	4	1
KILKENNY	2	13	4
LAOIS	1	13	3
LEITRIM	0	11	1
LIMERICK	0	7	5
LONGFORD	5	21	4
LOUTH	0	0	0
MAYO	6	83	9
MEATH	3	6	5
MONAGHAN	1	27	2
OFFALY	0	6	0
ROSCOMMON	3	36	5
SLIGO	3	36	4
TIPPERARY	6	19	15
WATERFORD	1	4	1
WESTMEATH	5	19	3
WEXFORD	0	2	1
WICKLOW	3	12	10
	71	524	143

REAP Actions

- ➤ Complementary actions are only permitted in project fields (fields subject to scorecard assessments), and located where they have already been recommended by the advisor on the REAP plan.
- ➤ Complementary Actions are not permitted in Natura 2000 sites, Nature Reserves, pNHAs, landscapes targeted for breeding waders such as curlew, or on an archaeological monument.



Planting a New Hedgerows/Hedgerow Gapping Up

REAP Requirements

- Prepare the ground along a 1.5m wide strip to provide good soil conditions and as little competition from other vegetation as possible
- ➤ Between November 2021 and the end of March 2022 plant a double staggered row with 6 plants per metre using a mix of 6 species from the Approved species list below (approx. 2-year old whips). No one species should make up more than 70% of the total plants.
- Identify 1 plant every 50m which should be marked and retained as a tree.
- Ensure the hedgerow is protected from livestock using an appropriate fence at least 1m out from the new hedgerow. This fence will need to be moved out further as the hedge grows and expands.
- Plants must be purchased from registered producers or growers. Where possible, source plants of native provenance.
- Keep free of weeds until plants have established annual weed maintenance is required until the hedgerow is fully established. Failed or dead plants to be replaced in the following planting season.

Approved REAP Hedge Species List

Blackthorn (Prunus spinosa)

Dog Rose (Rosa canina)

Guelder Rose (Viburnum opulus)

Hawthorn/Whitethorn (Crataegus monogyna)

Hazel (Corylus avellana)

Holly (Ilex aquifolium)

Spindle (Euonymous europaeus)

Bird Cherry (Prunus padus)

Crab Apple (Malus sylvestris)

The original specification stated that native trees were mandatory, while the main change in the attached states "Where possible, source trees of native provenance."

Hedges

Biodiversity plus....



Of 110 birds - 55 use hedges

- 35 to nest

Mammals

> Hedgehog, shrew, pine marten

- Bats
 - 9 species
- Bees
 - > 77 solitary bees
 - > 21 bumble bees
 - > 1 honey bee
- Moths
 - Over 1400 species
- Butterflies

35 species







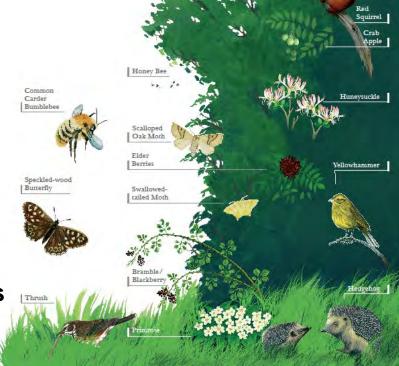


Water



Shelter





Go raibh maith agaibh

