Ballyhaise Weekly Farm Notes - Monday 9/8/2010

A. Critical Issues

- 1. Maximise cow intakes of pasture and maintain residual at 3.5cm.
- 2. Ensure cows are getting better fed each week.
- 3. Treat high SCC cows and reduce risk of cross infection.

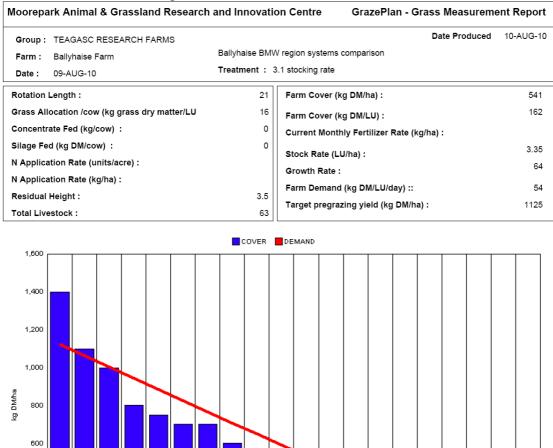
B. On farm situation

400

200

0

- 1. Soil temperature today is 16°C.
- 2. Total weekly rainfall is 12mm.
- 3. Average growth was 64kgDM/ha/day, (14% DM).
- 4. Farm feed wedge (9/8/10).



- 5. Growth rate is adequate to meet demand even with 2.37 ha (11%) removed as silage. Paddocks 33 and 30 have been baled. They both had a cover of 2100kg DM/ ha. About 75% of the area has been cut for silage at some stage during the year; this has allowed us to keep good quality grass ahead of the cows for the majority of the season so far.
- 6. All paddocks that have been grazed this week are getting 20 units of CAN.
- 7. Milk yield has dropped steadily over the past 3 weeks (1 litre a week). Solids % has remained steady. This is not a nutritional problem as grass quality is excellent and cow condition has not decreased. The mature cows are still milking quite well but the 1st lactation heifers have dropped more dramatically (25% of the herd).
- 8. Cows were tail painted on the 10th of April. Mating start date was the 10th of May for the cows and the 5th of May for the heifers. 24 day submission rate is 90% (57 cows out of 63). Bulls were introduced on week seven of the breeding season and breeding commences this week (13 weeks).Still some repeats showing up but activity has decreased dramatically over the last three weeks. Scanned last week, 68% confirmed in-calf for first 8 week period. This is disappointing considering submission rate was good.
- 9. Weighed and Dosed heifers for worms last week, average weight 350kg. They will need to 90% of mature weight (500kg) at calving down or 450kg. This means they need to gain 100kgs in 190 days or 0.52kgs /day. This is achievable even though grass quality tends to be a problem on the heifer block as much of the area is too rough to remove surpluses as silage. Heifers also scanned 39 out of 40 in-calf in six week period.
- 10. Average milk yield is 17.24kg at 4.34% fat and 3.53% protein (1.34kg MS/cow), lactose 4.68%, SCC 260k, TBC 17k.

C. Critical short term actions :

- Ensure bulling heifers and calves get fresh grass every 2-3 days.
- Keep grazing reseeds every 10 12 days.
- Dose calves every 6 weeks.

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Dairy Production Research in the Northeast Objective:

To increase the profitability of milk production per hectare in the BMW region through improved pasture management and utilisation in combination with genetic improvement using the Economic Breeding Index.

Year	2004	2007	2008
Grazing season (days)	226	271	280
Herd EBI (€)	28	51	55
Stocking Rate (Cows/ha)	2.2	2.6	2.9
Concentrate (kg/cow)	700	400	250
Milk (kg/ha)	12,381	11,890	13,340
Milk Solids (kg/ ha)	928	931	1,150
6 week pregnancy rate (%)	38	55	65
Farm Profit (30 ha)	37,417	56,182	-
Week Ending :09/08/10	HG system		HS system
Stocking rate (cows/ha)		3.1	4.6
Milk yield (kg/cow/day)		17.24	16.30
% Fat		4.34	4.11
% Protein		3.53	3.55
% Lactose		4.68	4.70
Milk solids (kg/cow/day)		1.34	1.24
Supplement (kg/cow/day)			
Concentrate		0	0
Silage		0	0
Cumulative			
Milk yield (kg/cow)		3250	3357
% Fat		4.33	4.29
% Protein		3.39	3.40
% Lactose		4.79	4.82
	2:	50 (775)	258 (1186)
Milk solids kg/cow (kg/ha)	_	, ,	
Milk solids kg/cow (kg/ha) Bodyweight (kg)		501	491
			491 2.99
Bodyweight (kg)	_	501	
Bodyweight (kg) Body Condition Score	_	501	

158

0

817

930

188

114

126

1233

Silage to milking cows (kg DM/cow)

Conserved silage (kg DM/cow)

Total silage fed (kg DM/cow)

Maize (kg DM/cow)